TABLE 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1997

Virginia

(thousands)

Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	1997 Annual average employ- ment <sup>3</sup>	Injuries and illnesses				Injuries			
					Lost workday cases			Lost workday cases		Cases
			Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	Cases without lost work- days	Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days
All industries including State and local government <sup>6</sup>		2,998.8	169.0	75.9	51.3	93.1	162.8	74.0	50.2	88.8
Private industry <sup>6</sup>		2,579.9	142.4	63.8	42.2	78.6	137.2	62.1	41.3	75.1
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing <sup>6</sup>		31.5	2.0	1.0	.8	1.1	1.9	.9	.8	1.0
Agricultural production <sup>6</sup>	01-02	9.2	.5	.3	.2	.3	.5	.3	.2	.3
Agricultural production—crops <sup>6</sup>	01 07 078	5.7 21.7 13.3	.2 1.5 .9	.1 .7 .5	.1 .6 .4	.1 .8 .4	.2 1.4 .8	.1 .7 .4	.1 .6 .4	.1 .8 .4
Mining <sup>7</sup> Coal mining <sup>7</sup> Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels <sup>7</sup>	12 14	11.3 7.3 3.3	.8 .6 .2	.6 .5 .1	.5 .4 .1	.2 .1 .1	.8 .6 .2	.6 .5 .1	.5 .4 .1	.2 .1 .1
Construction General building contractors Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Painting and paper hanging Electrical work Masonry, stonework, and plastering Carpentry and floor work Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work Concrete work Water well drilling	15 16 161 162 17 171 172 173 174 175 176 177	186.2 41.7 29.3 9.6 19.7 115.2 27.4 6.8 20.5 17.5 8.1 7.8	17.1 2.6 3.3 .9 2.4 11.3 3.2 .3 2.4 1.5 .7 .6	7.9 1.0 1.7 5 1.2 5.3 1.2 2 1.3 .7 .5 .3 .4	6.0 .7 1.4 1.0 3.9 1.0 .1 .8 .6 .3 .2 .3	9.2 1.6 1.6 4 1.2 6.0 1.9 .2 1.1 .8 .2 .3	16.9 2.5 3.3 9 2.4 11.1 3.1 .3 2.4 1.5 .7 .6 .7	7.9 1.0 1.7 .5 1.2 5.3 1.2 .2 1.3 .7 .5 .3	6.0 .7 1.4 4 1.0 3.9 .1 .8 .6 .3 .2 .3	9.1 1.6 1.6 .4 1.2 5.9 1.9 .1 1.1 .8 .2 .3
Manufacturing		405.4	35.4	17.1	7.6	18.3	32.6	16.1	7.3	16.5
Durable goods  Lumber and wood products  Furniture and fixtures  Stone, clay, and glass products  Primary metal industries  Fabricated metal products  Industrial machinery and equipment  Electronic and other electric equipment  Transportation equipment	24 25 32 33 34 35 36 37	202.2 26.4 20.9 12.3 9.9 19.3 28.9 31.8 38.9	22.4 3.8 2.0 1.1 1.2 1.9 2.6 1.6 7.3	10.6 2.0 .8 .7 .7 .9 1.2 .7 3.3	5.1 1.1 .4 .5 - .6 .5 .3 1.3	11.8 1.8 1.2 .5 .5 1.0 1.5 .9	20.6 3.7 1.9 1.1 1.1 2.6 1.5 6.0	10.0 2.0 .8 .7 .7 .9 1.2 –	4.9 1.0 .4 .5 - .6 .5 .3 1.1	10.6 1.8 1.1 .5 .5 1.0 1.4 .8
Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Meat products Bakery products Textile mill products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Paperboard mills	20 201 205 22 23 26 263	203.2 40.2 18.5 5.1 35.1 18.3 18.4 3.8	13.0 4.8 3.1 .4 1.6 1.5 .9	.5 .5	2.5 .8 - .1 .2 .3 .3	6.5 2.0 1.1 .2 .7 1.0 .4	12.0 4.2 2.6 .4 1.5 1.4 .9	6.1 2.5 1.7 .2 .9 .5	2.4 .7 - .1 .1 .3 .3	5.9 1.7 .9 .2 .6 -

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1997— Continued

Virginia

(thousands)

Industry <sup>1</sup>		1997 Annual average employ- ment <sup>3</sup>	Injuries and illnesses				Injuries			
	SIC code <sup>2</sup>		Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost w	orkday ses	Cases
				Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days
Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Plastics materials and synthetics	27 28 282	37.5 21.9 11.5	1.3 .6 .1	0.5 .2 .1	0.4 .1 ( <sup>8</sup> )	0.8 .3 .1	1.3 .5 .1	0.5 .2 .1	0.4 .1 ( <sup>8</sup> )	0.8 .3 ( <sup>8</sup> )
Transportation and public utilities <sup>7</sup> Local and interurban passenger transit  Trucking and warehousing  Trucking and courier services,	41 42	158.8 7.4 40.0	7.5 .4 2.7	4.5 .2 1.8	3.3 .2 1.5	3.0 .2 .9	7.3 .4 2.7	4.4 .2 1.8	3.3 .2 1.5	2.9 .2 .9
except air	421 44 45 47 48	35.8 6.0 27.9 10.2 47.7	2.4 .5 1.7 .7	1.6 .3 1.1 .2 .4	1.4 .3 .7 .1	.7 .2 .5 -	2.4 .5 1.6 –	1.6 .3 1.1 .2 .4	1.4 .3 .7 .1	.7 .2 .5 –
Telephone communications  Electric, gas, and sanitary services  Wholesale and retail trade	481 49	35.1 19.5 725.0	.3 .6 43.1	.2 .3 17.0	.2 .1 12.8	.1 .2 26.1	.3 .5 42.8	.2 .3 16.8	.2 .1 12.6	.1 .2 25.9
Wholesale trade	50 504 51	144.3 88.1 25.4 56.2	8.8 4.9 1.1 3.9	4.3 2.3 .4 2.0	3.0 1.4 - 1.5	4.5 2.6 .6 1.9	8.7 4.9 1.0 3.8	4.2 2.3 .4 1.9	2.9 1.4 .3 1.5	4.5 2.6 .6 1.9
Retail trade	52 53 531 54 541 55 551 56 57 58 59	580.7 23.2 72.2 54.9 90.6 83.4 65.4 29.6 27.6 33.0 194.0 74.7	34.3 3.0 5.6 4.3 4.9 4.8 4.2 2.5 .5 .9 12.5 2.7	12.7 1.4 2.5 1.8 2.1 1.5 .8 .2 .4 3.6 1.0	9.8 1.0 1.6 1.1 1.9 1.9 1.1 .6 .2 .3 2.8	21.6 1.6 3.1 2.5 2.7 2.7 2.7 1.7 .3 .5 9.0	34.1 3.0 5.6 4.3 4.9 4.8 4.1 2.4 .5 .9 12.5 2.7	12.6 1.4 2.5 1.8 2.1 2.1 1.4 .8 .2 .4 3.6 1.0	9.7 1.0 1.6 1.1 1.9 1.9 1.1 .6 .2	21.4 1.6 3.1 2.4 2.7 2.7 2.6 1.7 .3 .5 8.9
Finance, insurance, and real estate	65	166.4 39.9	4.0 2.1	1.4 .9	1.2 .7	2.6 1.2	3.6 2.0	1.2 .9	1.0 .7	2.4 1.1
Services  Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Amusement and recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Legal services Educational services Social services	70 72 75 76 79 80 805 806 81 82 83	890.6 46.2 36.4 27.3 8.7 34.2 207.2 31.4 82.8 20.5 32.2 52.6	32.5 3.5 .8 1.3 .3 1.4 12.6 5.4 5.4 .1 .8 3.2	14.3 1.2 .3 .6 .1 .5.4 2.3 2.5 .1 .3	9.9 1.0 .2 .5 .1 .3 3.5 1.6 1.4 .1	18.2 2.3 .5 .8 .2 .9 7.2 3.1 2.9 ( <sup>8</sup> ) .5	31.2 3.5 .8 1.2 .3 1.4 11.7 5.0 5.1 .1 .8	14.1 1.2 .3 .6 .1 .5 5.3 2.3 2.4 .1 .3	9.8 1.0 .2 .5 .1 .3 3.4 1.6 1.4 .1	17.1 2.3 .5 .7 .2 .9 6.4 2.7 2.7 ( <sup>8</sup> ) .5

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 1997— Continued

(thousands)

Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	1997 Annual average employ- ment <sup>3</sup>	Injuries and illnesses				Injuries			
				Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
			Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days
Membership organizations Engineering and management services	86 87	30.6 122.5	0.5 1.5	0.1 .8	0.1 .6	0.3	0.4 1.5	0.1 .8	0.1 .6	0.3 .7
State and local government		418.9	26.6	12.2	9.1	14.4	25.6	12.0	8.9	13.7
State government		124.7	7.5	4.0	3.0	3.5	7.0	3.9	2.9	3.1
Construction		10.1	.9	.3	.3	.6	.9	.3	.3	.6
Services		77.0	4.9	2.8	1.9	2.2	4.5	2.7	1.8	1.8
Public administration		37.3	1.6	.9	.8	.7	1.6	.9	.8	.7
Local government		294.3	19.1	8.2	6.1	10.9	18.6	8.0	6.0	10.6
Services		213.6	8.9	2.6	2.2	6.3	8.9	2.6	2.2	6.3

Virginia

by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

8 Fewer than 50 cases.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

<sup>3</sup> Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program. Employment in

private households (SIC 88) is excluded.

<sup>4</sup> Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted

work activity, or both.

5 Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS

Indicates data not available.